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Special rates can be had for a longer time than one week.

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All communiertions on business should be addressed to THE WILMINGTON POST, Wilmington, N. C.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

FOR SHERIFF,
STEPHEN H. MANNING.

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT,
STACY VANAMRINGE.

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS,
JOSEPH E. SAMPSON.

FOR TREASURER,
ELIJAH HEWLETT.

FOR CORONER,
EDWARD D. HEWLETT.

FOR SURVEYOR,
JOHN KENT BROWN.

LEGISLATURE.
FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
DR. HENRY E. SCOTT,
WILLIAM H. WADDELL.

FOR THE SENATE,

THE DECORATION OF SOLDIERS' GRAVES.

On Thursday the 30th of May the usual annual ceremonies were held at the National Cemetery. The procession was informal, being composed of Col. Mabson's battalion of N. C. S. G., the Rose Bud and Cape Fear Bands and several of the societies of the city which appeared with their banners. At about half past 1 p. m. all had entered the Cemetery and gathered around the stand.

Each grave and mound were decorated with national flags which were arranged with most excellent taste and presented a very beautiful appearance. Much credit is due to Col. Brink the Chairman of the Committee of arrangements for the excellent propriety of the decorations.

Hon. W. P. Canaday presided at the grand stand and took charge of the ceremonies. After music by the Band, the selected choir sang beautifully "Comrades We Come Once More," and prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Greene, The choir then sang "Rest, Soldier, Rest," after which Mr. Canaday introduced the orator of the day Geo. Z. French, Esq, in a short and graceful speech.

The oration is printed below and speaks for itself. It was a glowing and eloquent tribute to the dead and the cause for which they fell, and though short was one of the most appropriate ever delivered from that stand.

After the oration the choir sang "Cover Them Over With Beautiful Flowers" and a salute was fired by the military. It is rare that we have ever heard so creditable a salute.

The Cemetery was looking beautifully, with all its showed lawns and the shrubbery in perfect order.

MR. FRENCH'S ADDRESS.

We have met to-day to perform a sacred duty. A duty imperative upon all who, as citizens of this great country, are enjoying the freedom and blessings of a strong, paternal government, conferred upon them by the victories of those who sleep here.

Though we come as mourners for the loss to the country of these brave men, we come not to mourn alone. We assumed the right on such an occasion as this to boast of their achievements to tell the story of their deeds, hoping and expecting that year after year, as this day comes around, orators will continue to hold up to the country their example for emulation.

We have no apologies to offer for the part we take in these ceremonies to day. It is with no feeling of shame that we come into this hallowed spot, but we engage in them with a feeling of pride and a spirit of thankfulness for the privilege of paying this honor to the memory of heroes.

We are not alone in the performance of this duty. The same sun above us to-day, shines upon millions of our countrymen and countrywomen, who, throughout the length and breadth of this union, are at this hour paying the same tribute of respect to the companions in arms of these who lie here; and in addition to the consciousness of right doing which you feel in doing this service you may be assured that you are to-day receiving the heartfelt thanks and good wishes of thousands of the widowed and fatherless.

On this same bright summer day, throughout the north, they are now winding their way in grand procession, with banners flying, and with garlands and flowers innumerable, to the home cemeteries, to decorate the graves of those soldiers who were so fortunate as to die among friends with kind and loving hands to close their eyes.

There all business is suspended. There the entire population participate in the grand ceremony; and they send up thanks to heaven for the knowledges and consciousness that the graves of those dearly loved ones lying buried in the far off south, are receiving the same attention from a few old comrades, and many grateful people.

It may not be inappropriate to refer to the more immediate cause, which led to the great slaughter that has dotted our land with these cemeteries. I propose to state briefly what brought these heroes here.

A little more than seventeen years ago, the great questions that had been agitating the public mind, both north and south for many years, which, even if it were appropriate, would take too much time to enter into now, had gotten the people so excited it was evident that great events were impending. Many thought that our dearest institutions and free government itself, was in danger. There was an indefinite feeling that something serious was to happen, but that such a long bloody war was in the womb of the future, no one suspected.

It was unfortunate that neither section understood, or appreciated the strength of the other.

The representative men of either section, those to whom the people looked for information and instruction, those who, from years of association with, and observation of, at the National Capitol, their to be opponents, should have known better, but whether believing it or not they represented to their constituents that there was no danger of war. That the other side would not fight, and that if they did the war would not last six months.

Lulled into security by such representations, the masses of the people paid comparatively little attention to the stirring events of the winter of 1860-61, thinking that the trouble would be in some manner settled by the politicians after the usual amount of bluster had been expended, and it was not until the sound of the guns fired upon Fort Sumter, reverberated through out the union, that they, the men who were to bear the brunt, who were to do the actual fighting, realized that war was upon them.

With the exception of the veterans of the Mexican war, there were in the country but few who knew what war was. They had an indefinite idea of its horrors, but most of them thought that this war was to be a gala march to Charleston, by the one side, or to Boston by the other.

The sound of the guns in the harbor of Charleston echoed throughout the north, from the St. Croix to the Columbia, and from the lakes to the Tennessee. Such excitement as it caused will not again be witnessed for many years. Very many, up to that time, had not given up hopes of a peaceful solution of the difficulties, but the first gun upon Sumter put an end to all negotiation. Men stood appalled at the audacity of the act. It brought home to them the fact that the south meant fight. That war with all its horrors was upon them, and that short or long it must continue till one side or the other was conquered; for the idea that two governments in place of the old one could ever exists, never for a moment received consideration.

The shock caused inaction but for a moment. The sound of the guns had not died away, the story of Anderson's defence was not concluded, before the cry "to arms" was sounded throughout the cities, villages and towns of the northern states.

Party lines for the time were obliterated. The animosities of the late political campaign were forgotten. Lincoln men, Douglas men, Bell men, and Breckinridge men, met upon the broad platform of unionism and patriotism, and it was a struggle to see who should get in the ranks first to fight for the union. The farmer left his plow, the merchant his business, the lawyer his brief, the clerk his desk, and the mechanic his bench.

Those who could not leave home were only too glad to guarantee to care for the families of those who had enlisted. Never in the history of the world had there been such an uprising. Everything that made life pleasant was to be sacrificed for this grand idea,

THE PRESERVATION OF THE UNION.

It is not exaggeration to say, that if the government had been so disposed, and had then had the arms for them, a million of men could have been enrolled in the spring of 1861, instead of the seventy-five thousand, called for.

It was at this time that most of *these* heroes entered upon their career as soldiers. These speaking stones that tell us the names of some of the regiments to which they belonged, inform us of the *actions* of these men. We know that men lie here that followed their regimental colors in all the battles of the war. At Fort Donelson, at Port Hudson, at Chickamauga, at Vicksburg, at Chattanooga, and upon the grand march to the sea. Others that fought in all the battles of the Army of the Potomac, from the first Bull Run to Appomattox Court House. Others that fought in the everglades of Florida, and on the sands before Fort Wagner. Many of them were at the fall of Fort Fisher, and from our own observation we know that very many of them suffered the indescribable horrors of the prison pens. In every place, place where danger and duty called, there these brave men were to be found.

It would be impossible to recite their individual acts of bravery, or even the victories of the several armies to which they belonged. Their bravery, their trials and sufferings, can only be known by those who saw and shared them.

Volumes of praise, or hours of eloquence, by the most competent writers and speakers in the land, would fail to do justice to their bravery; their devotion to the cause; their years of fatigue, their months of sickness, and their many trials, and I venture to say that of all the National Cemeteries there is not another where so many of the battles and places of suffering are represented as in this beautiful spot.

A royal author says: "Historic truth ought to be no less sacred than religion," and if in the future, after the passions and prejudices of the present time shall have become cooled, the historian then writing does not bear testimony to the fact that these soldiers bore, without murmuring, their sufferings and dangers, and accomplished results never before excelled, then he will not be faithful to "historic truth."

It was no mean struggle in which they were engaged. It was the greatest and most important civil war the world ever saw. A conflict, the din which awoke the nations of the earth. The people of the world stood as spectators of the conflict. It was to decide whether in this age a democracy of such magnitude would prove a success or a failure.

And now the question arises, did they die in vain? Have their young lives gone for naught? Has no good come from this great conflict? The liberation of four millions of slaves is, of itself, a grand result. But when we see those formerly slaves made citizens, with the avenues of advancement open to them, that they may by improving their opportunities for education, and by their industry secure to themselves some of the highest positions in the land, we are lost in admiration at the change. Instead of two pigmy nations that would have been constantly at war with each other, and at the mercy of the weakest of the powers of the old world, that in the end would have become appendages to to some foreign power, we see a giant, a fabric of government that commands the respect and admiration of the world, its prestige protecting its citizens in the remotest sections of the earth.

The questions that gave rise to the great conflict is forever settled. Though they may, from time to time, be agitated by even an important minority, it is evident that they can never again seriously disturb the peace of the country.

This state of things, this heritage, as it were, bequeathed to us by these sleeping braves is well worth preserving, and it is due to their memory that we, each and every one of us, use every endeavor to perpetuate the ideas and principles for which they fought and died. "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." So let us all here resolve that we will do our utmost to preserve intact this grand towering Republic.

Let us not forget to pay a tribute of respect to the memory of those brave men who lie in yonder cemetery. From our standpoint we must look upon them as having been misguided, but that they fought bravely, none can deny. Accord to them honesty of purpose. Let us believe that they thought they were fighting for the right, and respect their memory as brave soldiers. In our actions in the future, let us with "malice towards none, but with charity towards all," forgive the errors of the past, but strive to prevent their repetition.

Corn is plentiful.

CITY ITEMS.

Tax listing is going on.

Ripe peaches in market.

The Mayor is having a quiet time.

The city is making a war on dogs.

Politics are getting up to fever heat.

The weather is beautiful for yachting.

Senator Merrimon will accept our thanks for documents.

We are not going to have any phonograph machines in our office.

The young sailors are busy getting their yachts ready for the next races.

Wilmington has the finest and best vegetable market in the United States.

REVENUE CUTTER COLFAX.—Has been ordered to New York for repairs.

Edgecombe county has endorsed Hon. W. P. Mabson as a suitable candidate for Congress.

Is the country prepared for another rebellion? That is the meaning of the Potter investigation.

After the next rebellion the country will have use for larger cemeteries than they did for the last one.

The esteemed wife of our townsman, Mr. Hanstine of this city, died with heart diescase very suddenly on Monday last.

Maj. B. J. Burgess left here on Thursday with his corps of Cadets for Fayetteville, where he expects to spend several days.

Gov. Brogden, we understand, voted with the Democrats for the army bill. He should explain this action to his constituents at once.

Judge Cox, the celebrated "Shold Robeson and save the state," is a candidate for Congress in the Raleigh district, against Jos. J. Davis, the present member.

Our editor stopped, while in Washington last week, at the Riggs House, and he says it is the best hotel in that city. He certainly knows for he is a judge of good eating.

We place to-day, at the head of the local page, our regular Republican ticket, nominated by a regular Republican Convention, which every good Republican ought and will support.

John F. Garrell has called on the editor of this paper and requested that we should state for him that he will hereafter act with the Republican party, which we will do with pleasure on his authority.

A parting chat between husband and wife.—"Dear wife I have to leave on business for a few days." "All right my dear husband, but please don't leave one of those phonograph's in the house while you are away."

The Senate has increased the River and Harbor appropriation for the Cape Fear bar improvements to $160,000. This we owe to Senators Ransom and Merrimon, who are always looking out for our improvements.

After the next election, if the Potter-Tildenites carry it, we may expect some fun for the boys. There will be a fight or a foot race, and we don't believe that it will be Mr. Hayes that will run, it Keys stays in the Cabinet.

A RICH THING.—A colored politician stepped up to a certain Democratic lawyer a few days ago, and said:—"I know you and you know me, for your father's brother was my father's father." The lawyer was completely "paralyzed."

A difficulty took place in the lower part of Brunswick county on last Saturday night between two white men by the name of Frank Morris and Jonas Wilson, one was cut and the other got his head broke and it is expected he will die.

Mr. John H. Wilder, formerly of Currituck county, but for 30 years a resident of this city, died at his residence on Wednesday last in his 68th year. Mr. Wilder was one of the most respectable citizens of this city, and leaves many friends and no enemies.

EXCURSION PARTY FROM CHARLOTTE.—On Thursday morning an excursion party, consisting of about fifty of the Charlotte business men arrived in this city. They were a very fine looking set of gentlemen. On Thursday they went down the river on the Passport. On Friday they went to Waccamaw Lake, and on Saturday they went to Wrightsville Sound fishing and returned home last night. Mr. Clark, who had charge of them while they were in the city deserves credit for giving them a jovial time.

Rev. S. S. Ashley, for many years a citizen of this city, and a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1868, after which he was elected in 1868 on the Republican State ticket Superintendent of Public Instructions of this state but resigned in 1870, and is now a citizen of Atlanta, Ga., and editor of the *Atlantic Republican*, is in our city paying his many friends a visit.

We would like for Potter to investigate North Carolina, and inform the country how it was that Onslow county with a total of only 1,300 votes, and 600 of those Republicans, could be carried by Col. Waddell, at the last election, over Col. Canaday by 900 majority?

This is a conundrum that no one but a Democrat like Potter can answer.

Col. C. L. Harriss, editor of the Raleigh *Register*, was in the city a few days during the past week.

We hope the Second District will do itself the honor to nominate a newspaper man for Solicitor, and if Colonel Harriss will accept he will make a very proper man for the place, being a first class lawyer as well as a newspaper man.

OUR VISITORS.—Col. Thos. B. Keogh and the Collector of Internal Revenue this District, Col. I. J. Young, were in our city on Memorial Day.

Dr. Johns, editor of the *Carolinian* published at Elisabeth City, N. C., paid us a short visit on Thursday. Major Grant, of Goldsboro, and Major Foote, of Weldon, attended the Memorial services in this city on the 30th.

NATIONAL MEMORIAL DAY.—The chairman of the National Memorial Association invited the Gray to join in with the Blue this year, in paying respect to those heroes who died near this city for the Union cause, and the honor of the old flag. There was but two gentlemen who wore the Gray present, Col. I. J. Young and W. P. Canaday. Heretofore the Democrats have said if the Memorial Association would do away with a general procession they would take pleasure in attending the service at the National Cemetery, Col. Brink, the Chairman, for the purpose of giving them a chance did not have any general procession; and he paid particular pains to send them invitations, not a single one of which were accepted. What excuse they have for it we know not, except their hatred for the cause that these poor men died in maintaining. This is reconciliation.

The enquiry has been made why the United States Revenue Cutter Colfax hoisted its flag at half-mast on the 10th, the Confederate Memorial Day, and did not on the 30th, the National Memorial Day. It was certainly a surprise to many, and we understand some of the officers attended on the 10th but not a single one attended on the 30th. Are they affraid of their loyality to the Union?

Since writing the above Capt. Barr handed in the statement below, which we publish at his request, and advise him hereafter to read the papers and such mistakes will be averted.

Many persons were no doubt surprised that the flags of the National vessels in port were not half-mastered on Decoration Day. This occurred from the reason that the officers were under the impression that the observances of the day was to be on the last day of the month. The officers feel much chagrined at the error.

DIED.

WILDER.—On the 29th instant, of cerebral apoplexy, JOHN H. WILDER, aged 68 years and 17 days.

"Behold God will not cast away a perfect man, neither will He help the evil doer."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

OFFICE CLERK & TREASURER,
CITY OF WILMINGTON, N. C.,
MAY 28th, 1878.

DOG ORDINANCE.

THE Board of Aldermen have re-enacted the Dog Ordinance of 1877, imposing a License of One Dollar on every Male Dog, and Three Dollars on every Female Dog within the Corporate Limits, to take effect on and after the first day of June, 1878.

Failure to procure a License and Badge subjects every owner or keeper of a Dog to a fine of twenty dollars.

HENRY SAVAGE,
jn 2-4t. Clerk & Treasurer.

Market Hours.

THE MARKET HOURS shall be between daylight and 9½ o'clock, in the forenoon, from the 1st of June to the 1st of October, and between daylight and 10 o'clock to the 1st of October to the 1st of April; and on Saturdays from 3 p. m. to 9½ p. m. All meats must be removed out of the Market by 9½ a. m., and all butcher shops be closed at the same hour. By order of the Mayor.
June 1st-6t. L. M. WILLIAMS, Clerk.

25 FASHIONABLE CARDS no two alike with name, 10c. 20 Scroll, with name 10c., post paid. Agents' outfit, 10c.
GEO. I. REED & CO.,
oct 12—53 Hubbard Nassau, N.Y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PARSOLS.

A Large and Handsome Stock at 12½ to $6 00
HEDRICK.

FANS! FANS!

1,000 Japaness Fans—at 3 cents to $1 50
HEDRICK.

LINEN AND COTTON LAWNS.

A beautiful stock of figured Lawns, also a few pieces very superior Linen Lawns at 20 cents worth 30 cents.
Figured Pique at 8½ cents.
HEDRICK.

WHITE AND BROWN

LINEN DUCK for Boys and Gentlemen, also a full stock of all kinds of
MEN'S WEAR.
HEDRICK.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

VERY Great Bargains in all kinds of Dry Goods.
HEDRICK.

GREATLY INCREASED SALES.

LEAD us to believe that we are selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than they can be had in the city.
HEDRICK.
N. W. cor. Front and Market st.,
ju 1 Wilmington, N. C

A Card.

IN a hand-bill circulated on the streets of this city on yesterday, my name is announced as one of the speakers to address a mass-meeting to be held at Hilton on Saturday, the 7th instant. I hereby declare that the use of my name for that purpose was entirely unauthorized, and that I have no connection with the said movement.
ju 2-1t J. N. VANSOLEN.

Carolina Central Railway Company.

OFFICE GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT,
WILMINGTON, N. C., May 18, 1878.



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Monday, 20th instant, the following Schedule will be operated on this Railway:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN

No. 1. Leave Wilmington at 5:30 P. M. Arrive at Hamlet at 12:40 P. M. " Charlotte at 5:30 A. M.

No. 2. Leave Charlotte at 7:30 P. M. Arrive at Hamlet at 12:15 P. M. " Wilmington at 7:45 A. M.

TRI-WEEKLY FREIGHT & ACCOM'N TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington 5:30 A. M., and Charlotte 7:25 A. M., on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Leave Laurinburg 6:00 A. M. going East, and 6:00 A. M. going West, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

SHELBY DIVISION MAIL, FREIGHT & PASSENGER AND EXPRESS.

No. 3. Leave Charlotte 8:35 A. M. Arrive at Shelby 10:30 A. M.

No. 4. Leave Shelby 12:45 P. M. Arrive at Charlotte 2:00 P. M.

Trains Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 run Daily except Sunday.

Passengers for Raleigh leave Wilmington 5:30 P. M., and Charlotte at 7:30 P. M., make close connection at Hamlet, arriving at Raleigh at 8:45 A. M.

Passengers for Statesville and Western N. C. R. R. by No. 1 Train arrive at Statesville next morning at 9:15; arrive "Head of Western Road" at 2:30 P. M., and Asheville same evening.

V. Q. JOHNSON,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.
may 19 tf

QUARANTINE NOTICE.

ON and after the 1st day of June, 1878, Quarantine will be enforced, as usual, on all vessels from south of the Cape Fear River, and on all vessels having had any kind of sickness during their voyage.

Pilots and all persons concerned will please take notice and bring their vessels to the Quarantine Station for inspection.

W. G. CURTIS,
Quarantine Physician.
jn 2-3m.] Port of Wilmington, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., May 28th, 1878.

IN THE MATTER OF SAMUEL W. VICK and Charles W. Mebane, partners of the firm of Vick & Mebane, of Wilmington, N. C.

A warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued out of the District Court of the United States, for the Cape Fear District of North Carolina against the estate of Samuel W. Vick and Charles F. Mebane, of Wilmington, in the county of New Hanover, and State of North Carolina, in said District, who have been duly adjudged Bankrupts upon petition of their creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupts, to them or to their use, and the transfer of any property belonging to said Bankrupts by them are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupts, to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of their estates, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Wilmington, in said District, on the 25thday of June, A. D. at the United States District Court Room in Wilmington before WILLIS A. GUTHRIE, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy, in said District.

JOSHUA S. HILL,
U. S. Marshal.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HENNING & TEEL,

DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
HARDWARE.

AGRCULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, IRON, Steel, Nails, Axes, Spades, Shovels, Collars, Hames, Trace Chains, Ploughs, Castings, Carpenter's Tools, Blacksmith's Bellows, Vices, Anvils, &c.; Wagon and Cart Wheels, Rims, Spokes, Hubs Axles, Hollow Ware, Rope, Twine, Knives Forks, Spoons, Brushes, Fish Lines, Hooks, Sinkers, Cotton Seine Twine, Flax Gilling Twine, Seine Rope, Scales, Beams, Pots, Spiders, Ovens, Fry Pans, &c.

We invite especial attention to our large an 1 extensive assortment of IRON, selected expressly for Smiths and Farmers' use, all of which, and much more, we offer at lowest prices, at the

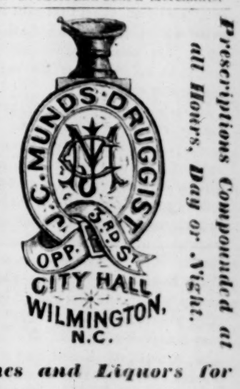
New Established
Hardware House of
HENNING & TEEL,
No. 9 Market St.
Wilmington, N. C.
march 1

PARKER & TAYLOR,

DEALERS IN
Kerosene Oil, Stoves, Metals, Guns,
Lanterns, Fairbank's Scales,
PUMPS, BRASS AND IRON ROSIN STRAINERS.
DIPPERS AND SKIMMERS.
Manufacturers and wholesale dealers in
TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE,
No. 19 FRONT STREET,
jan 11 1y WILMINGTON, N. C.

Visit or Communicate With Us.

WE INVITE AN EXAMINATION OF samples, prices, terms and offers. Have on hand and receiving daily samples of Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Flour, Candles, Soap, Meats, Lard, &c.
☞ Execute orders for all descriptions of Merchandise. Receive and sell all descriptions of produce.
☞ Want a purchaser for one 150 Horse Power Double Engine, and Tubular Power, suitable to drive a Cotton Factory, Mill or Distillery. Also, three pair 4½ feet Stones, with Gear, Shafting, &c.; will sell low down.
☞ We negotiate for the purchase and sale of Turpentine Distilleries, &c.
☞ Samples of Merchandise sent to any point when requested.
PETTEWAY & SCHULKEN,
mh 8 1f Brokers and Com'n Merchants.



Fancy Goods and Toilet Articles. *Prescriptions Compounded at all Hours, Day or Night.*

Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Use.
march 1—tf

REASONS WHY
PERRY DAVIS'
PAIN-KILLER
IS THE
Best Family Medicine of the Age!
And why it should be kept always near at hand:

1st. PAIN-KILLER is the most certain Cholera cure that medical science has produced.
2nd. PAIN-KILLER, as a Diarrhœa and Dysentery remedy, seldom if ever fails.
3rd. PAIN-KILLER will cure Cramps or Pains in any part of the system. A single dose usually affects a cure.
4th. PAIN-KILLER will cure dyspepsia and Indigestion, if used according to directions.
5th. PAIN-KILLER is an almost never-failing cure for Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c.
6th. PAIN-KILLER has proved a Sovereign Remedy for Fever and Ague, and Chill Fever; it has cured the most obstinate cases.
7th. PAIN-KILLER as a liniment is unequaled for Frost Bites, Chilblains, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, &c.
8th. PAIN-KILLER has cured cases of Rheumatism and Neuralgia after years standing.
9th. PAIN-KILLER will destroy Boils, Felons, Whitlows Old Sores, giving relief from pain after the first application.
10th. PAIN-KILLER cures Headache, and Toothache.
11th. PAIN-KILLER will save you days of sickness and many a dollar in time and Doctor's bills.
12th. PAIN-KILLER has been before the public over thirty seven years and is a purely Vegetable preparation, safe to keep and use in every family. The simplicity attending its use, together with the great variety of diseases that may be entirely eradicated by it, and the great amount of pain and suffering that can be alleviated through its use, make it imperative upon every person to supply themselves with this valuable remedy, and to keep it always near at hand.

The PAIN-KILLER is now known and appreciated in every quarter of the Globe. Physicians recommend it in their practice, while all classes of society have found in it relief and comfort. Give it a trial.

Be sure and buy the genuine. Every Druggist, and nearly every Country Grocer throughout the land keep it for sale.
jan 15-1y

N. GREENWALD.

DEALER IN DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED
CIGARS AND SNUFFS.
North Carolina and Virginia Smoking and Chewing Tobacco,
PIPE SMOKERS ARTICLE, &c.
"Indian Girl Cigar Store."
NO. 2 MARKET STREET,
dec 2 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

W. P. CANADAY,

Editor and Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1878.

POSTMASTER GENERAL KEY'S LETTER.

The letter of Mr. Key addressed to the southern people, which we print in another column, is a bombshell. It is a terrific assault upon the policy of the Democratic House and has spread so much consternation in their ranks at Washington that they did not dare to let it come southward on the wires of the Associated Press, but caused it to be suppressed. They are now affecting to treat it with indifference, but their terror is ill concealed. It has flashed upon them like a calcium light, and exposed in language as terrible scourging as it is true, their revolutionary plottings. It has stripped off remorselessly the concealments of the machinations which were in progress and exposed the hideous nakedness of schemes which were concocted tending towards anarchy and blood.

CANDIDATES.

The number of persons all over our state, in both parties and in all parties who are willing to be prevailed upon to accept elective offices, is perfectly multitudinous. There was rarely ever, within the recollection of the "oldest inhabitant," such an abundant crop as is now waiting the assent of the primary meetings and the harvest sickle of the August elections. They are thick at all our street corners, at the cross-roads, at auctions, at camp-meetings, at picknicks, and at funerals. No one of us endowed with that fractional part of sovereignty termed suffrage, but can see, the objects of our choice standing all around in great long rows, in plattoons, and in expectant files. If our corn crop, or our cotton crop, or any other crop turns out as munificently as our candidate crop we shall enter an era of prosperity which will eclipse the most exaggerated dreams of lavish plenty. There are all kinds and sizes and qualities from country coroners up to Chief Justices, and from ditch-diggers and wharf-rats up to "them literary fellers," and from those that cant read nor write up to those who "all science know." Our chance for selection, therefore, is as unlimited as the varieties of the human race.

In such common-place regions as our county of New Hanover we are already provided for. We know whom we shall vote for, or at any rate who will be elected. For we have had a county convention—one of those serene and august assemblies which annually warbles such melodious English and chants such sweet measures in our Court Room or City Hall—and fortunately, under, the Darwinian system of "the selection of the fittest" have a very acceptable ticket. We can vote now, without much thinking for all the officers elected by this county, and, it may also, be said, without many of those preternatural qualms which have some times afflicted us.

But our Bourbon fellow citizens who live in and own such counties as Columbus, Sampson, Duplin and the venerated Onslow, each of which gained so marvellously and unaccountably for Waddell in 1876, are relieved as to candidates from a good many of the embarrassments which have afflicted us who reside in Republican counties. There is in each of them so perfect a condition of political society, so great a superincumbrance of celestial atmosphere hanging over them, such purity that some people are calculating whether an arrangement could not be made by which they could spend their eternity there in continual conversation with those Apostolical county commissioners, those arch-angelic sheriffs, and those seraphic poll-holders. In that particular Elysium of Onslow, where the population has been growing less for the last three decades there miraculously sprang into life 423 Bourbon voters from out those Cimmerian jungles and lagoons where they had been morosely lying concealed since Colonial times. Everything in those fascinating domains is happy and charming, especially the candidates, who appear as if they had washed every morning in Siloa's pool.

In passing on to a more general survey of candidates, it may be remarked that the normal condition of the average Bourbon candidate is supernatural. They are clothed in light and tread the air as did the messengers of the gods There is not much that is mundane about them. No one of them could by any possibility commit an improper act. Vance performed miracles of oratory all the time in his canvass with Settle, if the Bourbon newspapers are to be believed, and every little while now we hear of some unearthly performance of his. Judge Schenck has become quite a demi-god since he was thought of for a Supreme Court Judge, and has cut all sorts of deifical antics. And very lately Senator Ransom having been announced as the next Vice-President, as been assigned a place among the stars very much as Cæsar was. He is better mannered than Lord Chesterfield, more philosophically learned than Lord Bacon, more fecund in letters than Burke, and superior in oratory and statemanship to Chatham. The Senator is too clever and deserves too well of all to be made ridiculous, and we respectfully request that he be taken down from among the stars and left as the same Matt. Ransom who has won many a heart by his kindness, and won uniform respect for a clear head and a good heart.

In this innumerable array of candidates it will be our own fault if we do not elect men who ought to be elected. Candidates are really like anything else which we may desire to appropriate to a specific purpose. There are but few who are perfectly unobjectionable. There are a great many who are better than others. If we are driven to make a choice of evils, let it so be. By watching the vast multitude and making selections according to our tastes and judgments we may be able to render some service, to our state and finally puncture that transparent bubble, humbug, now so prevalent in our affairs.

POTTER AND STEPHENS.

Mr. Clarkson N. Potter and A. H. Stephens have both written letters on the Potter investigating committee. Potter's letter avows the power of Congress to re-open the question of the legality of Hayes' election, but disavows any intention to do so. Some allegations in Potter's letter induced Mr. Stephens to answer it. He gives the history of his opposition to the investigation scheme from the beginning. He closes by saying that he looks upon the whole of this proceeding, concocted as it was, conducted as it has been, as most unwise, most unfortunate, and most mischievous. Its effect will be to disturb the peace, harmony, and quiet of the country. Neither Mr. Potter nor anybody else can prevent it, and I say to him, most respectfully that nothing short of an immediate, general concert of action of the law and order abiding people of all parties, Republicans and Democrats, throughout the Union, in reprobation of this investigation proceeding any further with a view to disturb the Presidential title, such as announced by the Pennsylvania Democracy in their convention a few days ago, can arrest the most fearful consequences. Those who have, though innocently, sowed the wind will reap the whirlwind. My own opinion is, as I have repeatedly said, this affair will prove in the end either a contemptible farce or a horrible tragedy. Whether it will lead to the Mexicanization of our Federal Republic, the result must show; but I say, as I said on another recent occasion, that all soft words instilling in the mind of the people of this country the idea that Mr. Hayes can be peaceably unseated by Congress, are as delusive and as guileful as the whisperings of the great arch-fiend in the shape of a toad in the ear of Eve from which sprung all of our woes.

DOUGH.

Whoever the leading editorial writer of the New York *Times* may be, he can certainly muddle things as successfully as the worst bungler. A leading journal like the *Times*, which is constantly assuming to shape public opinion and guide it, ought at least to discuss intelligibly public questions. The following is as clear as mud:—

These considerations may help to explain the interest which a large proportion of the Republican party has in the triumph of the Conservative Democrats over the more violent wing of their party. At the first place, the effect of the movement may have seemed to be beneficial to the Republicans. It was regarded as likely to contribute to the unity of the party and its reconciliation with the President. But though, in a national sense, almost anything would be preferable to the evils inseparable from an attempt to overthrow the government, the Republican party would suffer by any change in affairs that should narrow its policy, degrade its aims, and subject it once more to the direction of its least scrupulous agencies. Its truest friends do not desire to see its energies concentrated upon a struggle which the success of the Democratic malcontents would surely precipitate, or upon the sectional which the partisan madness of the south would render inevitable. Broad issues are wanted and the leadership of statesmen; but to have these a stop must be put to the intrigues of ambitious men on both sides, who would subordinate great interests to their lust of party poer.

The time is not far distant when the so-called disciples of the Bloody Shirt who have claimed that the Democracy will attempt to gain by ballot what they failed to gain by bullet, will be held in public estimation as truthful prophets. Nor will the pending revolution, the paternity of which is proudly and defiantly assumed by the Democracy, end with success at the ballot-box, however fraudulently attained. The courts stand in the way of the Revolutionists. Who will pretend to deny that these frantic, blind partisans, after they have begun their conspiracy and carried it so far as to meet with injunctions by the courts, will hesitate at an attempt to brush those obstacles aside?—*National Republican.*

Yesterday morning a woman in Louisville thoughtlessly emptied a kettle of boiling water out of a second-story window and severely scalded three race horses, two monte men, a horse jockey, a man with a horse to sell, and a stranger. Everybody was greatly suprised to hear that she hit the stranger.—*Courier Journal.*

A combined ironing table, chair and step ladder is a new invention.

GENERAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

THE ELECTORAL INVESTIGATION—SECRETARY KEY TO THE PEOPLE OF THE SOUTH—A DEFENCE OF THE TITLE OF HIS CHIEF—STRONG APPEAL TO RESIST THE MOVEMENT OF THE "REVOLUTIONISTS."

In lieu of a personal answer to many letters received from friends in the South disclaiming sympathy with an effort to unseat President Hayes, Postmaster General Key has written the following open letter to the people of the South:

WASHINGTON, May 28, 1878.

The circumstances attending the passage of the Potter resolution to investigate the alleged frauds in the Presidential election of 1876 in the States of Louisiana and Florida, together with the subsequent declarations of many influential democratic politicians and journalists, evidence that if both houses of the Forty-sixth Congress are democratic the majority intend to oust President Hayes and inaugurate Mr. Tilden.

The title of President Hayes was settled irrevocably by the Forty-fourth Congress in the act creating the Electoral Commission, under which he was legally declared elected and legally inaugurated. The Forty-fifth Congress has no more right to dispute his election than he has to question the title of any victorious contestant to his seat in that body. The Forty-sixth Congress will have no more right to ignore him and to recognize his defeated contestant, Mr. Tilden, than Mr. Hayes would have to send a file of soldiers to the House of Representatives to unseat a democrat whom he might consider to have been wrongfully seated or fraudulently elected.

The leaders in this desperate attempt to Mexicanize our institutions rely confidently upon the "solid south" to furnish the bulk of the Democratic majority in the next House of Representatives, the Senate being already secured. Remembering the encouragement which the northern democrats in 1860 and 1861 extended to the southern states to secede, and the manner in which their promises of aid and comfort were fulfilled, can the southern people afford to join this revolutionary movement with the certainly that when the inevitable hour of peril comes they will again be left unassisted and alone to meet the storm from the north, once more united by this attempt to revive an issue whose settlement was forced by public opinion upon an unwilling Congress?

In the dark days of February 1877, when civil war over the disputed election was imminent and patriots trembled for the safety of republican institutions, the southern members of Congress averted the danger by compelling the completion of the electoral count under the law which both parties in Congress had enacted. But now the representatives from the southern states, with a very few exceptions, have joined a movement to subvert the results of their former patriotic action and to remand the country to that anarchy from which less than two years ago it was saved by their efforts.

Grant that in permitting the autonomy [of all the states, and appointing citizens to office in the south instead of strangers, President Hayes has but discharged his constitutional duty, does that excuse the southern representatives for attempting to invalidate his title which they established, or will it justify them in bringing the country again in danger of civil war in the effort to unseat him and inaugurate Mr. Tilden?

The south must now face the most momentous crisis in its history since 1861. To indorse the recent conduct of their representatives is to admit the truth of the charge that the people of the south care nothing for the welfare of the Union, desire the downfall of the Republic, and would rejoice to see it again involved in civil war. If their representatives have not reflected their sentiments, as I believe to be the case, then the people of the southern states should take care that in the Forty-sixth Congress they are represented by men who will defeat the disturbers of the public peace and prevent the Mexicanization of our institutions. To do this they may be compelled to to act independent of the democratic party. Recent events have demonstrated the inability of democratic members of Conbers of Congress to resist the mandates of the caucus and the terrors of the party lash, the one wielded and the other inspired by men who seem waiting to endanger the welfare of the country and the stability of republican institutions for the sake of revenge on political opponents and in the hope of dividing the "spoils of victory."

If the democratic representatives of the south could not resist the caucus command to pass the Potter resolution unamended and without debate, how will they be able in the Forty-sixth Congress to resist a similar command to ignore Mr. Hayes as President and to recognize Mr. Tilden?

It is therefore the duty of the southern people to afford a crowning evidence of their renewed devotion to the Union, in which they now enjoy every right of citizenship, and are subjected to no restrictions not laid upon every citizens, by sending representatives to the Forty-sixth Congress pledge to resist, at all hazards, the revolutionary schemes of the mischief makers who seem to have gained control of the House of hope members of the Forty-fifth Congress. To this end the people in every district should meet publicly, organize and resolve to support no person for Congress who has given aid to this movement, and who will not pledge himself to sustain the title of President Hayes during the term for which he was elected, against all attempts at its overthrow. Only in this way can a grave danger to the Republic be averted and convincing proof be given that the confidence was not misplaced which President Hayes manifested in the south when he withdrew the troops from the State Houses of South Carolina and Louisiana.

I have spoken plainly and earnestly, for I feel that I should be unworthy to represent the south in the administration were I to remain silent now. Invited to the Cabinet as a southern man to see that justice was done to the south, required neither to apologize for my record nor to disown my political principles, it is my duty now to warn the people of the south of the danger which threatens the country. No man need hope that the schemes of the men who have engineered the movement to unseat President Hayes can be carried out without a bloody civil war. To avert this danger I confidently rely upon the patriotism and honor of the people of my native section.

D. M. KEY.

The New York *Times* gives a graphic account of a citizen of Oshkosh who was troubled by a goat's depredations upon the shrubbery of his lawn. The animal was owned by a muscular Irishman, and to shoot the goat under such circumstances might lead to unpleasantness. The animal was proof against arsenic and strychnine, such poisonously acting as tonics. Finally, the gentleman was told to feed the goat on dried apples and give him plenty of water, and he might hope for the most disastrous results. He acted at once upon the suggestion, procured a bushel of dried apples and a bucket of water, inveigled the animal into the front parlor, and lighted his pipe and sat down to witness the result. The goat devoured the apples and the water and began to grow. Before the man from Oshkosh thought of such a catastrophe the goat had swelled so enormously that he was unable to be removed at either door or window; and, what is worse, the athletic Irishman is suing the gentleman for a forcible detainer of his goat.

The condition of the Democratic party to-day is much in the condition of the man in Oshkosh with a goat in his parlor. Potter's committee is in the Democratic parlor, and boasts of being full of more explosive materials than dried apples and water. Just now they are viewed by the party with something like the anxiety which Oshkosh man viewed the terrific possibilities of an explosion of the goat. They care as little for the effects of the committee as Oshkosh did about the consequences to the goat; but the danger of blowing up the Democratic party entire is reason for anxiety. The wisdom of the Democratic party has been sitting on the case for some days in Washington—a kind of committee of ways and means—looking for some possible relief from the trap into which the leaders have passed and swelled. Doors and windows are too small, and they are seriously thinking of taking up the floor and permitting the committee to fall into the cellar. If, however, they insist on fire-works, John Sherman offers all the explosive materials they may require. General Noyes will gladly contribute the fuse, and Ben Butler will only be too happy to touch it off. By all means let the Tilden pyrotechnics proceed.—*Inter-Ocean.*

How It Takes.

There seems to be a considerable muddle among Democrats just now, especialy in this part of the State. The word convention has, of late years, become odious to the masses of that party. If any idea is to be formed from the free and unreserved interchange of views going on in this country, we may safely say that instead of silently acquiescing, the people at large will be demonstrative in their opposition to what they conceive to be an attempt, on the part of the late County Democratic Convention, to abridge their rights. They fail to preceive why it is that they, as free citizens of a free Republic, are in duty, bound to be "ler as calves to the stall," to cast their ballots, not for men of their own choice, but for those whom the few individuals composing said convention, have pointed out to them. They are seeking, unsuccessfully, after a sound and logical reason why their rights are thus trampled in the dust. They claim the right to vote for the men of their choice, and if present indications ever permit a prediction for the future, they will assert that right on the day of the election.

On the othe hand those aspirants for public favors, who are more highly prized by the people than by the convention, must certainly experience feelings of restlessness since they witnessed the drowning of their hopes amid the noise and tumult in the Court House last Saturday. Whether they will all tamely submit remains to be seen; but one thing is certain, the men who win success in this campaign, will be the ones who come forward on their own merits. Against the personal character and honesty of the nominees, we have nothing to say, but the principle involved has become despisable in the eyes, of the people; and, to say the least, this country is impatient to put its veto upon it at the August election.—*Pioneer.*

Commerce of Peru

Minister Gibbs sends to the Department of State a supplementary report in reply to the trade circular of August last. The principal exports of Peru are in the order of their importance: Guano, sugar, nitrate of soda, wool, silver, copper, and cotton. The total is nearly $40,000,000 annually. Over 100,000 tons of guano are sent to the United States. The clear guano beds are cleaned out, but the mixed deposits remaining are inexhaustable for many years. Nitrate of soda is one of the most flourishing exports, of which 29 per cent. last year went to the United States.

Native kerosene has been discovered near tide water. It is apparently abundant, but only one refinery has as yet been started, and the industry is still in its infancy. There are but three cloth-mills in Peru, one of cotton goods worked by Chinese labor, and the other of woolen cloths, worked by native Indians. The goods produced are of superior quality.

The Peruvian merchant must buy from the country which buys of him. High freights and lack of commercial enterprise on the part of American merchants help to keep down direct trade between Peru and the United States. Our carrying trade on the coast is, however, increasing, ninety eight vessels being reported for 1877, against fifty-six for the preceeding year. The total exports for Peru for 1877 are given as nearly £8,000,000; the imports as only £423,507.

EDITORAL CHIPS.

The Opposition continues to insist that the Shields pension bill was beaten in the Senate by the Sargent amendment including Gen. Grant as a pensioner. Very true; but it required Democratic votes to defeat it there as it also required Democratic votes to exalt Khizlar-Agha Fields, the ex-Confederate, over Shields when the Republicans put the latter in nomination to be Doorkeeper.

The present is not Secretary Sherman's first experience in National investigations. In the days of the Kansas-Nebraska troubles he was a member of the House and offered a resolution to investigate certain matters connected therewith. The Democratic House demanded that he should pledge himself personally to prove the allegations to be true. He did so, and the result was the election of a Republican Congress and afterward the elevation of Mr. Lincoln to the Presidency.

Telegraphic information from Washington is to the effect that Democratic Congressmen from the south and from the west and north, are in receipt of a large number of letters from their constituents protesting against the reopening of the old electoral feud, on account of the injury certain to be inflicted upon the business and financial interests of the country at large. If a general expression of the sentiments of the people throughout the United States could be promptly obtained, there is not the slightest doubt that an overwhelming majority would disapprove of the useless and mischievous disturbance of a question long since irrevocably settled.

FACTS AND COMMENTS.

The bankrupt act has been repealed, the act to take effect on the first of September next.

A revolution has broken out in the Argentine Republic which is said to embrace a large number of the leading families.

The Russian agents have purchased and are fitting out several vessels in the United States for war, and will man them with Russian seamen.

It is now quite well settled that there will be a Congress of the European nations for the adjustment of the Russo-Turkish affairs. It will meet soon.

Mr. Potter has written a letter defending the right to reopen the electoral count, and A. H. Stephens has writ a long reply. Both letters are too long for us to publish.

Solicitor Kenneth Rayner having decided that money belonging to a Confederate state could not be seized by the United States, the question is to go to the Supreme Court on appeal. It will be an important case.

The New York *Evening Post* has been from the first one of the staunchest supporters of the President's southern policy. It now admits a serious disappointment, and pronounces the voluntary surrender of the southern members of Congress on Friday as shameful as anything which can be recalled in political history. Of the Potter resolution the *Post* says: "The form of the resolution, its treatment as privileged, and the whole course of the majority show that it is aimed at the title and the seat of the President. In that aspect it is revolutionary, because there is no constitutional provision for the removal of a President in the way proposed."—*Inter-Ocean.*



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Meats, Dry Salt and Smoked Hams, Sides, and Shoulders, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Flour, Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Mackeral, Canned Goods of every variety, Soap, Candles, Candy, Tobacco, Cigars, Potatoes, Peas, Beans, Dried Apples and Peaches, Poultry, Eggs, &c., &c.

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$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. apl 13-1y

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HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP.

HOUSE AND LOT ON CORNER OF Fourth and Walnut streets, known as the Divine house.

House and Lot on corner of Walnut and Seventh streets, known as the Finlayson house.

House and Lot on north side of Market, near 11th street, known as the Denton house

House and Lot on east side of Third street near Hanover.

House and Lot on Third street next adjoining the above.

A very fine building Lot on Brunswick between 3rd streets, size 10 feet.

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Lot corner of 2d and Mulberry streets—one of the finest in the city.

Lot on Front street near Wooster.

House and Lot on an alley near Dickerson between Rankin and Miller streets.

House and Lot on 4th street between Queen and Wooster streets.

The above property will be sold cheap for cash, or very easy terms. Now is the time to purchase a house for about what the rent would cost. The demand for proserty is on the increase. There has been at least forty sales in the past three weeks. Do not continue to pay high rent and die poor. Buy a residence while you can at a reasonable price and thereby secure a home in your old age. If you should wish to do so, apply to

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ARE INVITED TO EXAMINE GOODS received by us on consignment:

CHESE, CRACKERS, FLOUR, CANDLES, SOAPS, FISH, &c.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.;

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We encourage none but best quality, and sell at the very lowest market prices to close.

We are instructed not to hold goods, but sell.

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Jan 18 tf

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Liquors, Wines, etc., etc., of the best quality, at GEO. C. SCHUTTE'S,

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All sufferers from this disease that are anxious to be cured should try Dr. Kissner's Celebrated Consumptive Powders. These Powders are the only preparation known that will cure Consumption and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs—indeed, so strong is our faith in them, and also to convince you that they are no humbug, we will forward to every sufferer, by mail, post paid, a free Trial Box.

We don't want your money until you are perfectly satisfied of their curative powers. If your life is worth saving, don't delay in giving these Powders at trial, as they will surely cure you.

Price, for large box, $1.00, sent to any part of the United States or Canada by mail on receipt of price.

ASH & ROBBINS,

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March 30—1 y.

TO THE WORKING CLASS—We are to prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for their spare moments. Business light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5 per evening and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, samples worth several dollars to commence work on, and a copy of Home and Fireside, one of the largest and best Illustrated Publications, all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address, GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. oct 13-tf

WANTED—A few county orders. Apply to June 13 W. P. CANADAY.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted.—Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO Augusta, Me. mar 21-1y

Ucan make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. apl 13-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. D. GILBERT'S BAKERY,

WHERE YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND good fresh BREAD, CAKES of all kinds, and of best material. Also fresh homemade CANDY. H. D. GILBERT, Proprietor, dec 21 1y 23 South Front Street.

ZIMMERMAN & WHITE,

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WINDOW SHADES, WALL PAPER Mattresses, Feather Beds, Pillows and Bolsters, Picture Frames, Cords, Tassels, Nails, &c., &c.

LOOKING-GLASS PLATES, ALL SIZES. Zimmerman's Improved Store and Window Awnings, very low for cash. jan 25-tf

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I HAVE THIS DAY GIVEN WILLIAM E. SPRINGER an interest in my HARDWARE BUSINESS. The style of the firm will hereafter be JOHN DAWSON & CO.

JOHN DAWSON.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 21, 1878—feb 1-1m

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TO THE GOOD PEOPLE OF WILMINGTON:

IF YOU WANT THE VERY BEST BEEF,

PORK,

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CALL AT

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I HAVE OPENED A SHOP AT THE corner of Market and Seventeenth streets, where I am prepared to shoe horses and mules, repair carts, wagons, buggies and carriages—both wood and iron work. I hope my old friends will remember me when they have any work in my line. I guarantee satisfaction in price and quality of work. feb 1 tf RICHARD WATERS.

WM. FUTRELL,

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SELECT FAMILY GROCERIES,

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WARRANTED PURE AND FLAVORED with the very finest Essential Oils of Nutmeg, Lemon, Cloves, Peppermint, Cinnamon, Sassafras, Wintergreen, Aniseed and Hoarhound Herb. A full supply of Bananas, Oranges and Apples, on hand.

S. G. NORTHROP,

Fruit and Confectionery Store.

march 1

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

MAIL LETTINGS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of this department until 2 P. M. of July 20th, 1878, for carrying the mails of the United States, upon the routes and according to the schedule of arrival and departure specified by the Department in the State of North Carolina, from October 1st, 1878, to June 30th, 1882.

List of routes with schedules of arrivals and departures, instructions to bidders, with forms for proposals, and bonds, and all other necessary information will be furnished upon application to the Second Assistant Postmaster General.

D. M. KEY,

Postmaster General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 25th, 1878. may 12-6t.

D. M. DART.

PRACTICAL PLUMBER, STEAM AND GAS FITTER.

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CAN STILL BE FOUND AT HIS OLD stand, Journal Building, Princess street, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, cheaper than ever before offered to the public. Has constantly on hand

Bath Tubs,

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Personal attention given to all work. Satisfaction guaranteed. december 25 tf

THE WILMINGTON POST,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1878.

ALL SORTS.

Soma:—There are no shotes for sale in "Baby Mine."

Edison forgot to provide his phonograph with a hook for the listener's button hole.

Coup's remaining giraffe is troubled with sore throat—the longest sore throat on record.

With four thousand murderers loose in Texas, it is suggested they hold a convention a nominate a state ticket.

A writer says "that many women are never pretty until they are old." And then they are only pretty old.

One hundred and sixty nine newspapers and periodicals are now published in Texas, and yet there is not a paper mill in the state.

When the sheriff seizes the contents of a sample room to liquidate a debt can he not be said to have the proprietor by the horns?

To a tired mother when she sits down beside a large bucket of holey stockings "the darkest hour is just before the darn."

Sitting Bull says he will get back his hunting grounds or die in the attempt. He has already displayed great ingenuity. Leighim die.

The emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, is indefatigable in his application to business, rising at five in the morning, summer and winter, and working hard all day. He is not our kind of a man.

"See here, Snip, there's a crease in this coat," said Fitz Fangle. "Ah, my dear sir, that's a new wrinkle of ours," blandly rejoined the fashionable tailor.

The sight-seer in Harrisburg, Pa., who mistook the state legislature for the state's prison, remarked when chided:—"It was a mistake of places, not of men."

A true story in two chapters: Chapter I. Mrs. Malton, of Jersey, had a habit of smoking a pipe in bed. Chapter II. The other night she changed that habit for a shrond. The end.

The streets of Paris are kept so clean and tidy that the people who are run over and killed do not look as mussed up as the New Yorker who slips on an orange peel.

A Washington paper is writing up prominent noses. When it reaches Cronin's it will have to issue an eight page supplement to accommodate it. The article would be read of course.

When a woman tries to get her husband to spade up six beds in the back part of the lot, then spring is sufficiently advanced for "garden sass," and it can frequently be heard on both sides.

The Kalamazoo *Gazette* says "a balky horse threw Thos. Westridge two miles south into a hole, etc., breaking his collar bone." Great Cæsar, what a horse!

"When tempted to kick a man," says a Scotch philosopher, "stop and remember that you may some day want a favor of him." Tempted men generally stop to see if the other fellow is the biggest.

Why All This Outcry?

A glance just now over the new paper exchanges would give a person unacquainted with the events of the past few months the idea that in a few days more we were to have the red flag of the Commune hoisted over every city in the Union and the uncombined leaders of Socialism seated in the government offices. We were not aware that there was such a death of the live topics on which the country editor deals out horror and wisdom by the bucket at this season of the year. There must be; for, instead of attending to the crop prospects and the Russian commerce destroyers, and the uncurling in the sun of the tramp who has lain dormant all winter, we find the rural press laden with articles on Communists and the terrible, awful, gigantic fee-fo-fum that is to upset society in a few days and give capital the black eye if has been so long deserving. There is much absurdity in all this, but there is more harm. It is a direct wrong to the peaceful and law-abiding masses of working people thus to credit them with any part in the folly of the few crazy fellows who are gesticulating about the rights of labor and talking about rifles when they should be handling hammers or shove's. This flux of alarmist editorials is the one thing that the handful of Communists desire. It gives all they want—prominence. We shall rejoice to see our brethren of the press calm themselves, and, letting the Communist rest, turn to the solid question of the tramp until the time arrives for big pumpkins.—*N. Y. Herald.*

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.
MAY 21st, 1878.

To the Voters of New Hanover County.

IN accordance with a Resolution passed by the Board of Justices of the Peace for New Hanover county, in meeting assembled, May 20, 1878, and in obedience to their order, I hereby give notice that there will be "An Entirely New Registration of Voters" of the County of New Hanover, to commence on the twenty seventh (27th) day of June, 1878, and to continue for thirty (30) days (Sundays excepted,) preceding the election to be held on the first Thursday in August, 1878.

JOHN COWAN,
Secretary Board of Justice of the Peace for New Hanover county.
may 26 td

Flour, Sugar, Meat, Molasses.

1000 Bbls FLOUR, of various brands.

250 Bbls SUGAR, of sundry grades,
150 Boxes MEAT, Hams, Shoulders Sides, Strips, Bellies.
200 Hhds and Bbls MOLASSES,

Call on or order direct from

dec 2 tf ADRIAN & VOLLERS

MISCELLANEOUS.

ORGANS.

A LARGE LOT OF FINE

REED AND PIPE TOP

ORGANS JUST RECEIVED

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS,
NEW ENGLAND ORGANS,
BURDETT ORGANS, and
JUBILEE ORGANS,
For sale at

HEINSBERGER'S

Live Book and Music Store.
may 10—tf.

THE PURCELL HOUSE

HAS PASSED INTO THE HANDS OF the undersigned, has been newly furnished throughout, and, as heretofore, will be run strictly as a

First-Class Hotel!

Board reduced as follows: $2 50 and $3 per day; With Rooms, per month, $45; Table Board, per month, $25.

Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars ALWAYS ON HAND AT

Regular City Prices.

We hope to see all the old patrons of the house and ALL THEIR FRIENDS, promising them that no pains shall be spared to please all.

jan 18 COBB BROS., Proprietors.

JOHN WERNER, Formerly of Richmond Va. H. C. PREMPERT, Formerly of Goldsboro, N. C.

WERNER & PREMPERT,

Personally in attendance at

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

No. 11 North Front Street, South of Purcell House, and No. 7 South Front Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

None but the most experienced workmen employed in this establishment.

Manufacturers of Tonics, Hair Oil, Cologne, Renovators, Dyes, Beautifiers, &c., &c. april 12—tf

OLD, TRIED, AND TRUE.

People are getting acquainted—and those who are not ought to be—with the wonderful merits of that great American Remedy, the

MEXICAN Mustang Liniment,

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

This liniment very naturally originated in America, where Nature provides in her laboratory such surprising antidotes for the maladies of her children. Its fame has been spreading for 35 years, until now it encircles the habitable globe.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is a matchless remedy for all external ailments of man and beast.

To stock owners and farmers it is invaluable.

A single bottle often saves a human life or restores the usefulness of an excellent horse, ox, cow, or sheep.

It cures foot rot, hoof-all, hollow horn, grub, screw worm, shoulder-rot, mange, the bites and stings of poisonous reptiles and insects, and every such drawback to stock breeding and bush life.

It cures every external trouble of horses, such as lameness, scratches, swinny, sprains, founder, wind gall, ring-bone, etc., etc.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is the quickest cure in the world for accidents occurring in the family, in the absence of a physician, such as burns, scalds, sprains, cuts, etc., and for rheumatism, and stiffness engendered by exposure. Particularly valuable to Miners.

It is the cheapest remedy in the world, for it penetrates the muscle to the bone, and a single application is generally sufficient to cure.

Mexican Mustang Liniment is put up in three sizes of bottles, the larger ones being proportionately much the cheapest. Sold everywhere.

february 1 1y R

$200,000

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Gold Plated Jewelry,

FOR ONE DOLLAR WE WILL SEND as below, all WARRANTED GOLD PLATED: 1 Pair Gold Stone Sleeve Buttons; 1 pair Engraved Sleeve Buttons; 1 set Pointed Studs; 1 set Amethyst Studs; 1 Wedding Ring; 1 Engraved Band Finger Ring; 1 Amethyst Stone Ring; 1 Elegant Ring, marked "Friendship;" 1 Handsome Scarf Pin; 1 splendid Silver Hat Pin; 1 set Ladies' Jet and Gold Pin and Drops; 1 Misses' set, Jet and Gold; 1 Ladies' Jet Set, ornamented; 1 set Handsome Rosebud Ear Drops; 1 Gents' Elegant Lake Goofre Diamond Stud; 1 Cardinal Red Bead Necklace; 1 pair Ladies' Pearl Ear Drops; 1 Ladies' Ornamented Jet Brooch; 1 Fancy Scarf Ring and Elegant Watch Chain. Take your choice, the entire lot of 20 pieces sent post-paid for $1, or any 8 pieces you choose for 50 cents. Club Premium—Any one sending us a club of twelve at one dollar, we will send a COIN SILVER WATCH FREE.

F. STOCKMAN,
feb 8-13-mem 27 Bond St., New York.

NEW BAKERY.

I HAVE OPENED A FIST CLASS BAKERY, at Thorburn's Old Stand, on Front Street, next to Adrian & Vollers.

FRESH BREAD, CAKES, and CONFECTIONERY. Weddings and Parties supplied at short notice.

HOT FRESH BREAD and ROLLS, delivered every morning.

Everything in my line prepared in the BEST STYLE.

A TRIAL IS SOLICITED.

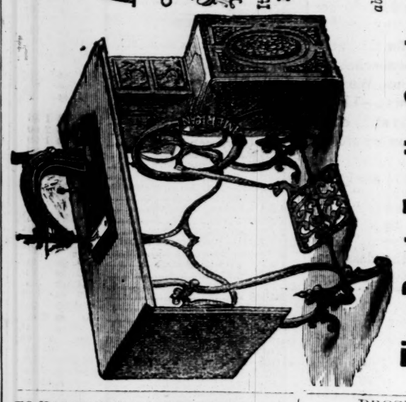
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Front Street.
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Buy only the NEW AMERICAN

It is the Only Sewing Machine which has a Self-Threading Shuttle

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The Simplest, the Most Durable, and in Every Respect

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The NEW AMERICAN is easily learned, does not get out of order, and will do more work with less labor than any other machine. Illustrated Circular furnished on application.

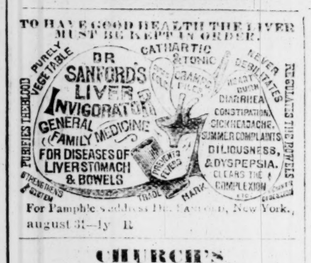
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J. S. DOYEY Manager, 64 N. Charles Street, Baltimore, Md

Agent for Wilmington, N. C., and vicinity

J. H. ALLEN,
Wilmington, New Hanover County, N. C.
may 17—tf

TO HAVE GOOD HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE KEPT IN ORDER.



For Pamphlet address Dr. Sanford, New York.
august 3—1y R

CHURCH'S MUSICAL VISITOR

FOR THE NEW YEAR

Will spare no effort to maintain the position it now occupies as the

LEADING MUSICAL JOURNAL.

PREMIUMS.

Every subscriber is entitled to one of the following elegant and really valuable Premiums. It will be observed that these Visitor Specialties are arranged to suit all tastes, from popular songs to classic compositions by great masters of music.

☞ UNDERSTAND, then, that $1 50 pays for the VISITOR one year, and one of the following premiums, which will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of the subscription price.

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Full particulars and list of contents of the premium volumes will be sent to any address on receipt of 3 amp.

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Address JOHN CHURCH & CO.,
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A MONTHLY MAGAZINE, DEVOTED to Literature, Science and Art, will be issued in Wilmington, N. C., October 1st, 1877.

The CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS will include several of the MOST DISTINGUISHED AUTHORS of the present day.

A serial story, poems, sketches, reviews, scientific and historical articles will appear in every number. The Magazine will contain only original literature.

The South Atlantic State will be canvassed by an energetic agent.

Subscription, one year, $2; single copy, 25 cents.

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sept 7—tf Editor and Proprietor.

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W. M. TERRY,
oct 12 Editor and Proprietor.

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20th Volume--1877

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THE AMERICAN,

NOW in the 20th year of its existence without ever having changed hands is a

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Will prove itself to be no of the cheapest and best newspapers in the state. It will be printed upon large type, and no effort will be lacking to make every department of standard excellence, so as to command the

SUPPORT, CONFIDENCE & APPROVAL

of the best classes of the community, without regard to politics.

The news of the day will be carefully collected and given in such form as to keep the reader fully posted in every particular.

Mr. J. C. L. HARRIS has editorial control of

THE REGISTER,

and every subject of interest and importance will receive attention from his pen.

ON ACCOUNT OF POLITICS,

Not being the organ of any man or men, THE REGISTER expects nor desires any support other than such as it may merit as a public journal. Its publication is purely a business enterprise, and will be conducted strictly upon business principles.

THE REGISTER,

will be issued Semi-weekly on Tuesdays and Fridays, and the Weekly on every Tuesday.

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Semi-Weekly, single copy, one year,		$3 00
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Advertisements inserted at the regular rates, 10 lines of Bourgeois to the square. (See advertising rates.

W. M. BROWN,
may 17. Publisher and Proprietor.

Cathartic Pills,

...ces of a Family Physic; ...Costiveness, Jaundice, ...Foul Stomach, Breath, ...Erysipelas, Rheumatism and Skin Diseases. ...Dropsy, Tumors, ...Neuralgia; as a Dinner Pill, for purifying the Blood,



Are the most effective and congenial purgative ever discovered. They are mild, but effectual in their operation, moving the bowels surely and without pain. Although gentle in their operation, they are still the most thorough and searching cathartic medicine that can be employed: cleansing the stomach and bowels, and even the blood. In small doses of one pill a day, they stimulate the digestive organs and promote vigorous health.

AYER'S PILLS have been known for more than a quarter of a century, and have obtained a world-wide reputation for their virtues. They correct diseased action in the several assimilative organs of the body, and are so composed that obstructions within their range can rarely withstand or evade them. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of everybody, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are, at the same time, the safest and best physic for children. By their aperient action they gripe much less than the common purgatives, and never give pain when the bowels are not inflamed. They reach the vital fountains of the blood, and strengthen the system by freeing it from the elements of weakness.

Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates, containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, these Pills may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take; while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

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Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

PROSPECTUS.

The Post

IS

STRICTLY A REPUBLICAN PAPER.

Devoted to the interests of Wilmington and and the State of North Carolina, as well as

The Great Principles of the National Republican Party,

In accordance with the

CINCINNATI PLATFORM,

Independent as to Men, But Not as to Party,

It will be devoted to exposing corruption wherever found, in any and all parties.

It will stand up for the good name of North Carolina

We shall join hands with the press of North Carolina to encourage immigration believing that is the only true way to build up our good old State.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

We shall give the latest

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We will thank our friends to send us all the news they have for publication.

Great pains will be taken to give

A Correct Statement of the Market in Naval Stores, Cotton and Produce, of Every Description;

Also, a correct

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Communications on manufacturing will be published. We will publish communications when accompanied by responsible name; not otherwise.

All Communications to be addressed to the Post. WILMINGTON, N. C.

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(Postage prepaid by us.)

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GRAINS OF WHEAT MEASURING ONE HALF INCH IN LENGTH. SAMPLES FREE, to every Farmer in the United States Greatest Curiosity in Seeds ever seen.

S. Y. HAINES & CO.,
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BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. apl 29-1y

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ILLUSTRATED.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.—The Bazar is the organ of the fashionable world, and the expounder of that world's laws; and is the authority in all matters of manners, etiquette, costume, and social habits.—*Boston Traveller.*

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to, the young ladies by its fashion plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its paterns for the children's clotes, to *paterfamilias* by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing gowns. But the reading matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords, and has become an established authority with the ladies of America.—*New York Evening Post.*

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Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address, for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every club of five Subscribers at $4 00 each, paid for by one remittance; or six copies one year, without extra copy, for $20 00.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The volume of the Bazar commences with the year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of his order.

The annual volume of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, provided the freight does not exceed one dollar, for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising ten volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

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Subscriptions received for Harper's Periodicals only.

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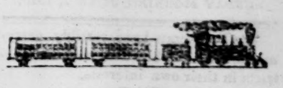
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New York

A TWO STORY HOUSE, WITH LOT for sale on Market street, near Eleventh street. Cheap for cash.

A. F. CANADAY.

RAIL ROADS.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Company.



OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Wilmington, N. C., March 7, 1878.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Thursday March 7th, 1878, Passenger Trains on the W. & W. Railroad will run as follows:

DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN Daily.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot, at	9:05 A. M
Arrive at Weldon at	3:10 P. M
Leave Weldon daily at	12:45 A. M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot at	7:05 P. M

NIGHT MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN, Daily except Sunday

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot at	7,50 P. M
Arrive at Weldon at	3:10 A M
Leave Weldon daily, at	3 15 A. M
Arrive at Wilmington Front St Depot at	10 10 A M

The Day Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points North via Bay Line, daily except Sunday, and daily via Richmond and all-rail route.

Night Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points north via Richmond.

Sleeping Cars attached to all Night Trains.

A. POPE, G. P. A.
JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.
march 7—tf

GEN. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Company.



WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 11, 1877

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

ON and after Sunday, Nov. 11th, the following schedule will be run on this road:

DAY EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAIN—(Daily except Sunday.)

Leave Wilmington	10 41 A M
Arrive at Florence	3 17 P M
Leave Florence	1,20 P M
Arrive at Wilmington	6,40 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN, (daily.)

Leave Wilmington	7,24 P. M
Leave Florence	11 20 P. M
Arrive at Columbia	2,05 A M
Leave Columbia	12,50 A M
Leave Florence	4, 18 A. M
Arrive at Wilmington	8 45 A. M

This Train will only stop at Flemington, Whiteville, Fair Bluff, Marion, Florence, Timmonsville, Sumter and Eastover, between Wilmington and Columbia.

Through Freight Train Daily (except Sundays.)

Leave Wilmington	11 00 A M
Leave at Florence	7 00 P. M
Arrive at Columbia	5 10 A. M
Leave Columbia	12,15 A. M
Leave Florence	8 00 A M
Arrive at Wilmington	4 00 P M

Passengers for Augusta and beyond, should take Night Express Train from Wilmington.

Through Sleeping Cars on night trains for Charleston and Augusta.

A. POPE, G. P. A
JOHN F. DIVINE, Gen. Sup't.
nov 11—tf.

BAGGING, TIES, &c

150 Rolls and Half Rolls BAGGING,
500 Bundles TIES,
25 Tons HOOP IRON,
250 Kegs NAILS,
25 Bbls KEROSENE OIL,

LIQUORS, TOBACCO, and CIGARS a specialty.

dec 21 tf ADRIAN & VOLLERS.

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

APPLES, RAISINS, ORANGES
CITRON, LEMONS, CANDY,
PRUNES, CURRANTS, NUTS,
COCOANUTS and FIRE CRACKERS,
For sale by

ADRIAN & VOLLERS,
Wholesale Grocers,
Cor., Dock and Front Streets.
dec 21-1y

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED AN immense stock of LADIES



FOX and MOROCCO SHOES

of all varieties, styles and descriptions; also

GENTS' SHOES

In every imaginable style.

CHILDRENS' SHOES

A specialty.

THOMAS H. BOWEY, Jr.,
dec 21 1y No. 49 Market street.

A GOOD WHARF between Mulberry and Walnut streets, to rent for a term of years, by

june 14 W. F. CANADAY

THE WILMINGTON POST,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1878.

The Democrats have terribly gerrymandered the Ohio Congressional Districts in their own interests.

Medical science is no longer confined to the educated few, but to the masses, remote from physicians, may preserve their health, or restore it when lost, by using—according to directions—the admirable remedies of the Dr. Harter Medicine Company. 2t.

The Republican papers in North Carolina, and the places they are published at, are as follows:—

Register, Raleigh; *Carolinian*, Elizabeth City; *Spirit of the South*, Rockingham; *American*, Statesville; *New State*, Greensboro; *Pioneer*, Asheville; *Republican*, Winston; Post, Wilmington.

"You look thin." "Should think anybody would if they had passed through what I have." "What's that?" said tramp No. 1. No. 2. replied that he had been arrested, tried and convicted. "Of what crime?" inquired No 1. "Starvation; and was sentenced to sit in a dining saloon at the Riggs House in Washington, for four days with a muzzle on."

PARIS, LAMAR CO., TEX., Dec. 18, 1878.
Dr. Harter, Dear Sir:

I had the Chills and Fever, nothing did me any good; I took quinine until I was nearly deafened; as a last resort, I purchased a bottle of Dr. Harter's Fever and Ague Specific for seventy-five cents; I used only half of the bottle, and it completely cured me.

2t. J. S. RANT.

HON. ALFRED M. WADDELL NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS BY THE CONVENTION.—The Democratic Congressional Convention met at Clinton on the 31st of May, 1878, and nominated Hon. Alfred M. Waddell on the first ballot for Congress. The Democrats don't believe in the two-term policy, as this is the fifth time Col. Waddell has been their standard bearer. He was present at the Convention to see the thing well done, and after the nomination made a speech. He arrived in the city yesterday and was met at the depot by a number of his admirers and friends.

An Astonishing Fact.

A large proportion of the American people are to-day dying from the effects of Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result of these diseases upon the masses of intelligent and valuable people is most alarming, making life actually a burden instead of a pleasant existence of enjoyment and usefulness as it ought to be. There is no good reason for this; if you will only throw aside prejudice and skepticism, take the advice of Druggists and your friends, and try one bottle of Green's August Flowers. Your speedy relief is certain. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been given away to try its virtues, with satisfactory results in every case. You can buy a sample bottle for 10 cents to try. Three doses will relieve the worst case. Positively sold by all Druggists on the Western continent.

NIJNE NOVGOROD FAIR.—The great market of the eastern world has been held at this junction of the Volga and Olga rivers in Russia, every summer for hundreds of years. Here the nations of Europe and Asia meet with their products for trade. Cossack, Chinese, Turk and Persian meet the German and the Greek with every variety of merchandise that mankind employs, from sapphires to grindstones, tea, opium, fur, food, too's and fabrics, and last but not least, medicines. J. C. Ayer & Co.'s celebrated remedies from America were displayed in an elegant bazar where the Doctor himself might sometimes be seen. They are known and taken on steppes of Asia as well as the prairies of the west, and are an effectual antidote for the diseases that prevail in they acourts of the north as well as the huts and cabins of the western continent.—*Lincoln (Illinois) Times.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

TAX LISTING.

I WILL be in attendance at the City Hall on Saturday, June 1, 1878, at 9 o'clock, A. M. and for the next twenty working days thereafter, for the purpose of receiving the Tax List of the inhabitants of this city and township upon all subjects of taxation which are to be listed for State, County and City purposes.

Call and list between 9 A. M. and 1 P. M. and 3 to 6 P. M., each working day.

JOHN S. JAMES, J. P.,
may-10,21,31] Tax Lister.

This is to give notice that a warrant in bankruptcy has just been issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Cape Fear District of North Carolina against the estate of William I. Currie and John Leach of Shoe Heel, in the county of Robeson, in said District, who have been adjudged a bankrupt upon their own petition; that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupts, to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts, to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Fayetteville, N C., before Wm. A. Guthrie, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy of said District, on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

J. P. HILL,
may 29-2w U S Marshal for said District

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.

A FULL LINE OF DRUGS, MEDICINES, Chemicals, Fancy Articles, Toilet Soaps, &c., at the lowest cash prices.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO

In great variety.

The utmost care and personal attention given to preparing prescriptions, at

BURBANK'S Pharmacy,
dec 21—1y cor. Front and Princess sts

B. D. MORILL,

Undertaker, Carpenter and Cabinet Maker.

OPPOSITE CITY HALL,
On Third Street,

WILL FURNISH COFFINS, CASKETS, with attendance, at the very shortest notice.

All orders from the country promptly attended to.

Orders for Carpenter and Cabinet Work solicited, and work guaranteed.

Work as low as any in the city.
Jan 18-1y

SALOON.

THE OFFICE SALOON.

ON THE STEET WHICH LEADS FROM the Dawson Bank to the Custom House,

IS THE PLACE

To get the very best

NEW RIVER OYSTERS and GAME.

All the delicacies of the season always on hand.

THE THE VERY FINEST LIQUORS

At the BAR, and every attention paid to customers.

CALL CHRISTMAS AND GET YOUR EGG NOG.

A MERRY CHRISTMAS TO ALL.

dec 21 tf W. M. COLLINS.

Furniture, Carpets.

LARGE STOCK, ALL GRADES.

LATEST DESIGNS,

LOWEST PRICES.

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF CHILDREN'S CHAIRS AND RATTAN ROCKERS.

Just the thing for Christmas Gifts

D. A. SMITH & CO.,
dec 21 tf North Front Street.

JOHN DAWSON,

HARDWARE MERCHANT.

HAS THE LARGEST AND BEST ASsorted stock of HARDWARE in this part of the State. If you want GOOD GOODS and LOW PRICES, be sure to call at the old established HARDWARE HOUSE of

JOHN DAWSON,
19 North Market street,
dec 21 1y Wilmington, N. C.

BE YOUR OWN LANDLORD.

BUILDING LOTS,
ALSO
HOUSES & LOTS FOR SALE

At $50, $75, $100, $300 and $500 each, on the instalment plan,

On Castle, Church, Nun, Ann, Orange, Chestnut, Walnut, Mulberry, Red Cross, Gwynn, Rankin, Front, Sixth, Seventh, Wilson, Eight, Ninth, Wood, Charlotte, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelth, Thirteenth, and Fourteenth streets.

Terms accommodating.

Money loaned to those wishing to build. Apply to

JAMES WILSON,
or DAN. O'CONNOR.
apl 18-tf.

Country Merchants

THAT ARE IN WANT OF CASTINGS, Hoes, Trace Chains, Hames, Collars, Back-Bands, Shovels, Spades, Forks, Axes, Grub Hoes, Hollow-ware and Hardware generally will find it to their interest to go and examine goods and prices at the Old Established Hardware House of

JOHN DAWSON & CO.,
feb 1-tf. 19, 20 and 21 Market St.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

May 27.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market continues firm at 27 cents per gallon for country packages. No sales.

ROSIN—The market was quoted dull at $1 17½ for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained, with sales reported of 60 bbls Pale and Extra Pale at $2 25@$2 75 per bbl.

TAR.—Market steady and unchanged at $1 35 per bbl, with sales of receipts at that price,

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market opened steady the receipts of the day, selling at the following figures; $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, with the usual deduction of one-fifth on the later, and $2 00 for new Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article opened quiet at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	7¼	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	8¼	" "
Low Middling	9¼	" "
Middling	10	" "
Good Middling	—	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	35 bales
Spirits turpentine	127 casks
Rosin	612 bbls
Tar,	196 bbls
Crude turpentine	315 bbls

May 28.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market for this article was firm at 27 cts per gallon for country packages, with sales reported of 300 casks at that prices.

ROSIN.—The market was firm at $1 17½ Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained. Sales reported of 70 bbls Low Pale, $2 00, 75 do Pale at $2 35, and 30 do Extra Pale at $2 75 per bbl.

TAR.—The market opened steady the receipts of the day being disposed of at $1 35 per bbl.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was steady and unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, the latter subject to the usual deduction of one-fifth, and $2 00 for new Virgin.

COTTON—The market for this article was quiet, with no material change in the quotations; with very small sales reported at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	7¼	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	8¼	" "
Low Middling,	9¼	" "
Middling,	10	" "
Good Middling,	—	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	155 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	535 casks
Rosin,	1,514 bbls
Tar,	112 bbls
Crude Turpentine,	619 bbls

May 29.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market opened firm at 27 cents per gallon for country packages, with sales of 114 casks at that price.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1 17½ for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained withut any reported sales.

TAR—Market for this article is somewhat unsettled, with sales reported at $1 35 per bbl,

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market steady and unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, with the usual deduction of one-fifth on Virgin; new Virgin $2 00.

COTTON.—The market for this article was steady Sales for the day, were at the following were the official quotations:

Ordinary,	7¼	cents ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	8¼	" "
Low Middling,	9¼	" "
Middling,	10	" "
Good Middling,	—	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	55 bales
Spirits Turpentine	313 casks
Rosin,	983 bbls
Tar,	160 bbls
Crude Turpentine	302 bbls

May 30.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market was steady at 27 cents per gallon for country packages with sales of 225 casks at that price, and 60 do city distilled at 27½ cents per gallon.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1 17½ for Strained, $1 40 for Good Strained. We hear of no sales.

TAR.—Market steady and unchanged the receipts of the day being disposed of at $1 35 per bbl.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was steady and unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 Yellow Dip and Virgin, with the usual deduction of one-fifth on the latter, and $2 00 for new Virgin.

COTTON.—The market opened firm with no sales. The following were the official quotations:

Ordinary,	7¼	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary	8¼	" "
Low Middling,	9¼	" "
Middling,	10¼	" "
Good Middling,	—	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	284 bales.
Spirits turpentine,	446 casks.
Rosin,	1,238 bbls.
Tar,	288 "
Crude turpentine,	608 "

May 31.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market was firm at 27 cents per gallon for country packages. Also sales of 75 casks at that price.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1 17½ for Strained, $1 20 for Good Strained. We can hear of no sales reported.

TAR.—Market firm and unchanged, the receipts of the day being disposed of at $1 35 per bbl.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was steady and unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, with the usual deduction of one-fifth on the latter, and $2 00 for Virgin.

COTTON—The market was firm and nominally unchanged. The sales of the day amounted to 18 bales, at the following quotations:

Ordinary,	7¼	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	8¼	" "
Low Middling,	9¼	" "
Middling	10¼	" "
Good Middling,	—	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	19 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	152 casks
Rosin,	727 bbls
Tar,	99 bbls
Crude Turpentine,	306 bbls

June 1.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market was firm at 26½ cents per gallon for country packages, at wich price 75 casks changed hands.

ROSIN.—The market was firm at $1 30 for Strained and $1 32½ for Good Strained. Sales reported of 500 bbls at quotations.

TAR.—Market steady and unchanged at $1 40 per bbl, at which the receipts of the day were sold.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was steady and unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, with the usual deduction of one-fifth on the latter, and $2 00 for new Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article was quiet and closed somewhat easier at yesterday's quotations. We hear of sales of 20 bales as follows:—5 bales at 8½ cts, 5 do at 9 cts, 9 do at 9¼ cts, 1 do 9½ cts per lb. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	7¼	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	8¼	" "
Low Middling,	9¼	" "
Middling,	9½	" "
Good Middling,	—	" "

Quotations conform to the classifications of the American Cotton Exchange

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	140 bales
Spirits Turpentine	68 casks
Rosin,	1,606 bbls
Tar,	194 bbls
Crude Turpentine,	408 bbls

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

STOCK OF COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

The following is the stock of Cotton and Naval Stores in yard and afloat at the Port Wilmington N. C., April 8th, 1878.

Cotton in yard, bales	3,275	
" afloat,	2,955	—6,230
Spirits Turpt. in yrd cks.	6,742	
" "	1,100	—7,842
Rosin in yard, bbls.	81,430	
" afloat,	1,213	—82,643
Tar in yard, bbls,	6,606	
" afloat,	155	—6,549
Crude Turpt. in yrd, bbls	8,255	
" afloat,	000	—8,255

MISCELLANEOUS.

SOL BEAR & BROS.,

18, 20 MARKET ST.,

OFFER TO THE PUBLIC, AT THE LOWEST NET PRICES,

ONE OF THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCKS OF

READY MADE CLOTHING

AND

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

Boots,

Shoes,

Hats,

Caps and

Dry Goods,

Carpeting,

Blankets,

&c., &c.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
dec 21 tf

CUTLERY.

JUST RECEIVED

THE BEST QUALITIES OF POCKET Knives, Razors, Table Knives, Scissors, Carvers, Steels, &c., and a general variety of the best HARDWARE. For sale at lowest prices, at

N. JACOBI'S
Hardware Depot,
dec 21 1y No. 10 South Front street.

$777 is not easily earned in these times, but it can be made in three months by any one of either sex, in any part of the country who is willing to work steadily at the employment that we furnish. $66 per week in your own town. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. We have agents who are making over $20 per day. All who engage at once can make money fast. At the present time money cannot be made so easily and rapidly at any other business. It costs nothing to try it e business. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address at once, H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.
July 31—9m

1824 SEND FOR THE 1878

NEW YORK OBSERVER,

The Best Religious and Secular Family Newspaper, $3.15, a year, post-paid. Established 1823.

23 PARK ROW, NEW YORK 23
SAMPLE COPIES FREE.
september 25—6R

GOLD, Great chance to make money if you can't get gold you can get greenbacks. We need a person in every town to take subscriptions for the largest, cheapest and illustrated family publication in the world. Any one can become a successful agent. The most elegant works of art given free to subscribers. The price is so low that almost everybody subscribes. One agent reports making over $140 in a week. A lady agent reports taking over one hundred subscribers in less than 4 days. All who engage make money fast. You can devote all your time to the business, or only your spare time. You need not be away from home over night. You can do it as well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms free. Elegant and expensive Outfit free. If you want profitable work send us your address at once. It costs nothing to try the business. No one who engages fails to make great pay. Address "The People's Journal," Portland, Maine.
aug 17-3m.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

☞ The following quotations represent the wholesale prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

ARTICLES.	PRICES.
BAGGING—Dundy	@ 21¾
Double Anchor	@ 1¾
Double Anchor "A"	@ 1¾
Standard Domestic	@ 00
BACON—North Carolina,	@ 00
Hams, ₱ lb	10 @ 12½
Shoulders, ₱ lb	8 @ 9
Sides, ₱ lb	9 @ 10
Western Smoked—	
Hams	00 @ 14
Sides ₱ lb	00 @ 9¾
Shoulders	00 @ 7½
Dry Salted—	00 @ 8½
Sides ₱ lb	00 @ 6¾
Shoulders ₱ lb	2 @ 2¼
BEEF—On the hoof	
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine,	
Second Hand, each	1 75 @ 1 80
New York, each	1 90 @ 2 00
New City, each	1 80 @ 1 90
BEESWAX—₱ lb	25 @ 26
BRICKS—Wilmington, ₱ M	8 00 @10 00
Northern	00 @14 00
BUTTER—North Carolina, ₱ lb	15 @ 20
Northern, ₱ lb	25 @ 35
CANDLES—Sperm ₱ lb	35 @ 42
Tallow, ₱ lb	14 @ 15½
Adamantine, ₱ set	00 @ 12½
CHEESE—Northern Factory, ₱ lb	
Dairy cream, ₱ lb	13½ @ 14¾
State, ₱ lb	16 @ 18
COFFEE—Java, ₱ lb	12 @ 13
Rio ₱ lb	24 @ 25
Laguara, ₱ lb	19 @ 22½
CORN MEAL—₱ bushel	21½@ 25½
COTTON TIES—₱ lb	85 @ 87½
DOMESTIC—Sheeting, 4-4 ₱ yd	3½@ 4¾
Yarn, ₱ bunch	00 @ 85
FISH—Mackerel, No. 1, ₱ bbl	16 00@20 00
No. 1, ₱ ½ bbl	@ 85
Mackerel, No. 2, ₱ bbl	8 50 @ 9 00
No. 2, ₱ ½ bbl	13 00 @13 50
Mackerel, No. 3 ₱ bbl	7 50 @
Mullets, ₱ bbl	11 00 @11 50
N C Herring, ₱ bbl	3 50 @ 6 50
Dry Cod, ₱ bbl	6 00 @ 8 50
FLOUR—Fine, ₱ bbl	7½@ 0
Super, Northern, ₱ bbl	0 00 @ 6 00
Extra do. " ₱ bbl	0 00 @ 7 00
Family " ₱ bbl	7 50 @ 8 00
City Mill—Super ₱ bbl	9 50 @10 50
" Extra ₱ bbl	0 00 @ 0 00
" Family ₱ bbl	0 00 @ 8 00
" Ex Family ₱ bbl	0 00 @ 8 75
FERTILIZERS—	0 00 @ 9 50
Peruvian Guano, ₱ 200 lbs	57 00 @82 00
Baugh's Phosphate "	00 00 @60 00
Carolina Fertilizer "	50 00 @65 90
Ground Bone, "	00 00 @40 00
Bone Meal "	00 00 @45 00
" Flour, "	00 00 @57 00
Navassa Guano, "	55,00 @65 00
Complete Manure "	05 00 @67 00
Wilann's Phosphate "	00 00 @70 00
Wando Phosphate, "	00 00 @70 00
Berger & Brutz's Bhos. "	60 00 @00 00
Phœnix	00 @ 00
Wilcox Gibb & Co., manipulated Guano	
GLUE—₱ lb	00 @ 80
GRAIN—Corn, store, ₱ 56 lbs	3 @ 15
Corn, cargo, ₱ 56 lbs	77@80 82¼
Corn, yel., ₱ bushel	62@ 66
Oats, ₱ bushel	63@ 69
Peas, cow, ₱ bushel	50 @ 95
HIDES—Green, ₱ lb	1 00 @
Dry, ₱ lb	04 @ 5
HAY—Eastern, ₱ 100 lbs	10 @ 10½
North River, ₱ 100 lbs	1 15 @ 1 20
HOOP IRON—₱ ton	1 00 @ 1 10
LARD—Northern ₱ lb	75 00 @80 00
North Carolina ₱ lb	00 @ 11½
LIME—₱ bbl	00 @ 12½
LUMBER—City steam sawed—	1 45 @
Ship stuff, resawed, ₱ M ft	18 00 @20 00
Rough edge plank, ₱ M ft	09 00 @15 00
West India cargo, according to quality, ₱ M ft	14 00 @18 00
Dressed flooring, seasoned	18 00 @35 00
Scantling and boards, common, ₱ M ft	13 00 @16 00
MOLASSES—Cuba, hhd ₱ gal	43 @ 45
Cuba, bbls, ₱ gal	00 @ 48
Sugar house, hhds, ₱ gal	00 @ 29
" bbls ₱ gal	00 @ 31
Sugar Syrup, bbls, ₱ gal	40 @ 80
NAILS—Cut, 4d to 20d, ₱ keg	3 00 @ 3 75
OILS—Kerosene, ₱ gal	20 @ 21
Lard, ₱ gal	1 10 @ 1 45
Linseed, ₱ gal	0 90 @ 1 00
Rosin, ₱ gal	30 @ 40
PEANUTS—₱ bushel	0 75 @ 0 90
POTATOES—Sweet, ₱ busn	80 @ 1 00
Irish, Northern, ₱ bbl	4 00 @ 4 50
PORK—Northern, city mess	10 00 @10 00
Thin, ₱ bbl	00 00 @00 00
Prime, ₱ bbl	15 00 @16 00
Rump, ₱ bbl	00 00 @16 00
RICE—Carolina, ₱ lb	0 @ 7¾
East India, ₱ lb	00 @ 00
Rough, ₱ bushel	0 60 @ 0 75
RAGS—Country, ₱ lb	1 @ 2½
City ₱ lb	1½@ 2
ROPE—₱ lb	6 @ 23
SALT—Alum ₱ bushel	75 @ 00
Liverpool, ₱ sack	0 85 @ 0 95
American, ₱ sack	0 00 @ 85
SUGAR—Cuba, ₱ lb	85@ 00
Porto Rico, ₱ lb	10 @ 00
A—Coffee, ₱ lb	12½@ 00
B— " ₱ lb	12½@ 00
C— " ₱ lb	10½@
Ex C— " ₱ lb	11½@ 11¾
Crushed " ₱ lb	00 @ 12½
SOAP—Northern, ₱ lb	5 @ 9½
SHINGLES—Contract, ₱ M	4 00 @ 6 00
Common, ₱ M	2 50 @ 3 00
Cypress saps ₱ M	6 50 @
Cypress hearts, ₱ M	9 50 @
TAVES—W O bbl, ₱ M	19 00 @20 00
R O hhd, ₱ M	00 00 @00 00
Cypress, ₱ M	00 00 @00 00
TALLOW—₱ lb	8 @
TIMBER—Shipping, ₱ M	11 00 @13 00
Mill, prime, ₱ M	8 00 @ 9 00
Mill, fair ₱ M	6 50 @ 7 00
Inferior to Ordinary, ₱ M	4 00 @ 6 00
WHISKEY—Northern, ₱ gal	1 00 @ 5 00
North Carolina, ₱ gal	1 75 @ 2 50
WOOL—Unwashed, ₱ lb	18 @ 20
Unwashed ₱ lb	38 @ 30

MONEY MARKT.

	BUYING.	SELLING
Gold	109	111
Silver	103	106
Exchange sight on Northern cities		¾@¾ disc
Exchange 30 days on Northern cities		1@1¼ ₱ cdls

	Par Val	Selling
Bank of New Hanover Stock	25	29
First National Bank	100	106
Wilmington Building Stock	00	94
Mechanics' "	00	94
Navassa Guano Co "	00	91
N C Bonds—Old Ex-Coupon	000	110
Do Funding 1868	21	
Do " 1866	15	
Do New	14	
Do Special Tax	12	
Do to N C Railroad	05	
W & W R R Bonds 7 pc Gold Int	42	
C C R R Bonds, 6 ₱ c	00	
Wilmington City Bonds, 8 pc	70	
" " 7 pc	70	
" " old 6 pc	85	
" " new 6 pc (Gold Int)	65	
" " 8 pc	80	(Gold Int)
New Hanover Co Bonds (10 years)		" ")
8 pc (Gold Int)		
W & W R R Stock (Per 100)	70	
N C R R " " 100	66	
C C Railroad " " 100	35	
W G L Co " " 100	01	
W & S R R " " 50	70	
" " 25	15	

RATES OF FREIGHT.

	Per Steamer	Per Sailing Vessel.
To NEW YORK.		
Crude Turpentine ₱ bbl	35@ 40	30@ 35
Tar ₱ bbl	35@ 40	30@ 35
Spts Turpentine ₱ bbl	35@ 40	30@ 35
Rosin ₱ bbl	35@ 40	30@ 35
Cotton ₱ bale	75@ 00	75@ 00
Peanuts ₱ bag	20@ 00	20@ 25
To PHILADELPHIA	00@ 00	00@ 00
Crude Turpentine ₱ bbl	35@ 40	30@ 35
Tar ₱ bbl	35@ 40	30@ 35
Spts Turpentine ₱ bbl	35@ 40	30@ 35
Rosin ₱ bbl	35@ 40	30@ 35
Cotton ₱ bale	75@ 00	75@ 00
Cotton Goods ₱ bale	75@ 00	75@ 00
Peanuts ₱ bushel	75@ 00	75@ 00
Lumber ₱ M	7 00@ 8 00	7 00@ 8 00
To BALTIMORE	00@ 00	00@ 00
Crude Turpentine ₱ bbl	30@ 40	30@ 35
Tar ₱ bbl	30@ 40	30@ 35
Spts Turpentine ₱ bbl	30@ 40	30@ 35
Rosin ₱ bbl	30@ 40	30@ 35
Cotton ₱ bale	75@ 00	75@ 00
Peanuts ₱ bushel	10@ 11	10@ 11
Lumber ₱ M	8 00@10 00	8 00@ 00
To BOSTON	00@ 00	00@ 00
Crude Turpentine ₱ bbl	40@ 00	35@ 40
Rosin ₱ bbl	40@ 00	35@ 40
Cotton ₱ bale	75@ 00	75@ 00
Peanuts ₱ bushel	20@ 00	20@ 25
Lumber ₱ M	12 00@ 00	12 00@ 00

BUILDING LOTS.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE IN ANY part of the city. Cheap for cash, or on reasonable time.

W. P. CANADAY.
December 22, 1876

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Me.
march 26-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PATRONIZE HOME ESTABLISHMENTS.

SAM'L G. HALL'S JOB PRINTING —AND— PUBLISHING HOUSE,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

This well-established and popular House is constantly receiving new styles of new type and intends to keep at the head of the profession.

The Best Material Used, the Lowest Prices Charged.

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